

Inside Calendar of Events WHAT'S YOUR **FAVORITE SPECIES?** Santa Cruz Birds SCBC 2019 Silent Auction Roundup PARTING SHOT

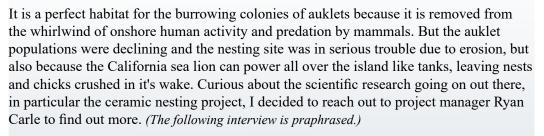
What Goes On Out There?

A Look Into The Año Nuevo Nesting Project

- By Lisa Fay Larson

ysterious isn't it? Driving up the coast from Santa Cruz past Rancho Del Oso, you gaze out over Año Nuevo Bay to a lonely, windswept island that appears terribly inhospitable. What goes on out there?

Año Nuevo is actually quite hospitable, indeed, to marine mammals such as the northern elephant seal and the California sea lion and it is a very important nesting area for seabirds: Rhinoceros and Cassin's Auklet, Pigeon Guillemots, Brandt's and Pelagic Cormorants, and Western Gulls.



Lisa: How did the Año Nuevo Island nest project come about?

Ryan: It began with habitat restoration in 2010. Boats with flat-bottoms and back dropgates like they used in Korea were employed to bring in thousands of native grasses and shrubs as well as huge eucalyptus logs. The logs were used to build "exclusion fence" barriers to keep the sea lions out of the nesting areas. The seal lions were the main cause



Chestnut-backed Chickadee - Lisa Larson American Goldfinch - Cathy Summa-Wolfe







Above from left: Adult Rhinocerous Auklet, Sea Lion Exclusion Fence, Adult Cassin's Auklet

of destruction of nests, as they can climb to most areas on

the island. The Northern Elephant Seals cannot climb up

the terrain, so they stick to the shorelines and are not a threat. It was quite an effort to bring those materials in!

Lisa: Do the same birds return to the same nests year after year?

Ryan: Yes, they do. We know which nest

the tagged pairs return to, so this will help us to monitor them for years to come. They are longlived birds (30 years for the auklets) and they are monogamous- most pairs stay together for all of their lives. Initially wood and PVC pipes were used

to make nests, which required more maintenance because

wood eventually rots and the pipes creates trash. So ceramic was a much better way to go.

Lisa: Fantastic idea! Did the birds take to the ceramic nests right away?

Ryan: The auklets began using the nests the first year.

Lisa: Where did the idea for ceramic nests originate?

Prototype Modules Ryan: The ceramic nest idea originated at the California College of the Arts in Oakland. Nathan Lynch is the (master) ceramist who developed auklet prototype

modules in 2018.

Lisa: Was Año Nuevo the first place these ceramic nests were used?

CA Sea Lions

Ryan: Yes. There are only three nesting places along the west

coast where Rhinoceros Auklets nest: Año Nuevo. the

Farrallons, and Castle Rock near Crescent City in northern California. Since the success of ceramic nests in Año Nuevo. their use has expanded to the Farrallons for Cassin's Auklets, Channel Islands of California for Ashy Storm-petrels, and for Wedge-tailed Shearwaters in

Oahu, Hawaii.

Lisa: Were there a number of iterations of the modules before an accepted design for the Rhinoceros Auklet was completed?

Ryan: Yes, each species had to have it's own design.

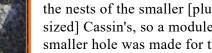
The Rhinoceros Auklets are larger [crow sized] and they could go into the nests of the smaller [plump robinsized] Cassin's, so a module with a smaller hole was made for the Cassin's Auklets.

[Some Pigeon Guillemot pairs used the modules designed for Rhinos, some nested in burrows under the

raised boardwalk, and others nested in rocky crevices.]

Lisa: Who is the apex predator? Ravens or gulls? [They both nest on the island.]







Chicks inside modules





Ryan: Both!

Lisa: How often do the nests need to be replaced? Is there a demand for additional nests because of the success of the project?

Ryan: The ceramic nests are very durable, but more have been made for the growing number of birds. There are more ceramic nests than bird pairs right now.

Lisa: What difference has the project has made in the breeding populations of these birds?

> **Ryan:** The population of the rhinos has more than doubled-478 Rhinoceros Auklets bred in 2018. [This is the highest number on record.] The central terrace area is where the ceramic nests are lined up and buried shallowly so that we can access the nests through a hatch in the module.

Lisa: So the removable hatch is at the surface like a man-hole cover in a street?

Ryan: Yes.

Lisa: Brilliant! It's great to hear such a success story. What is one of your most memorable experiences while out there?

Ryan: We stayed overnight on the island so we could capture the birds in mist nets and tag them. All the sounds you hear at night—like the sea lions

barking . . . and the stars are really amazing! The parents come in with food for their chicks at about 2 am after fishing during the day.

Lisa: Do they vocalize when they come in?

Ryan: No, they vocalize when they are at the nests. (He makes a grunting sound, laughs.)

Lisa: How do the birds hold a load of fish? Can they store it in a crop?

Ryan: No, they hold the fish across their bills, maybe as many as ten a time.

Lisa: How do they catch another fish when they are already holding lots in their bill?





Top right: Ecologist Emily Coletta maps Cassins Auklet modules

Kelly (right) and Sierra (left) work with Modules

Above: Rhinoceros Auklet with a mouthful of food - Michael Bolte



Ryan: We don't know. It is amazing because these birds dive 100 feet down, and it is pitch dark, and they catch the 10th fish after holding nine.

Lisa: How did you get the project manager job?

Ryan: I got started on the project after I had worked for Santa Cruz district state parks for a couple years on their resource crew. I saw the job announcement, applied even though I was way underqualified (they were looking for a phd who knew how to drive boats on the ocean), and got started as a field tech.

Lisa: What is your role as project manager?

Ryan: In my role as project manager I am really a jack of all trades. Duties include leading and orchestrating field work; everything from making study designs to organizing volunteers, to troubleshooting outboard

motors to carpentry. I work on data management and analysis and writing reports and scientific publications; outreach including presentations and talking to journalists. Fundraising is a big part of the job, including grant writing and administration.



Rhino adult with chick in module
- Tara Johnson Kelly

We've had hundreds of volunteers work on the project over the last 10 years but we work with a crew of 4 people during the monitoring season and crews of 4-10 staff and volunteers for restoration activities.

Lisa: That sounds like a lot of work! The Santa Cruz

Bird Club certainly will forward to hearing a presentation from you in the future!



Rhinoceros Auklet chick

Ryan Carle, Habitat restoration, Fall 2011

All photos courtey of Oikonos, unless otherwise credited

Habitat Ridge



To emphasize the former dire situation:

NO Cassin's Auklet breeding was recorded for 2005 and an estimated low count of ten breeding pairs were recorded for 2006-2007.

Both kinds of auklets breeding on the central terrace portion of Año Nuevo have been monitored using infrared burrow cams in natural burrows, or by hand in ceramic nest modules. Since the inception, hundreds of pairs of the three burrowing species have used the ceramic modules!

More details, facts and statistics about the project can be found on the Ano Nuevo Island website: oikonos.org/ano-nuevo-island

Oikonos is an international non-profit organization dedicated to studying and protecting emperiled ecosystems with a focus on engaging diverse communities through scientific and artistic collaborations—working

with Año Nuevo Island State Reserve, owned and operated by California State Parks.









Top left: Sea Lion Exclusion Fence Left: Module Prototype Above: Potter bot base - note baffle-wall

EVENTS CALENDAR

January-February 2020

Please see SCBC website Calendar for event details! Changes to event times/ place are sometimes necessary after publication. We suggest checking our Facebook page or our website Calendar for the latest information. Time permitting, we also send out a member-wide email notification. If you haven't been receiving these, please check your spam filter & let us know at: scbirdclub@gmail.com.

DATE	LOCATION	LEADER
Friday, January 3rd	Pinto Lake County Park	Jeff Manker
Saturday, January 11th	Palo Alto Baylands and Surrounding Areas	Eric Feuss
Sunday, January12th	Lower Struve Slough	Phil Brown
Wednesday, January 15th	Pajaro Dunes	Jeff Manker
Sunday, January 19th	Wilder Old Cove Landing	Jonah Svensson
Wednesday, January 22nd	New Brighton State Beach Campground	Jeff Manker
Thursday, January 23rd	SCBC meeting 6:30-7:30pm (see next page)	Kriss Neuman
Saturday, January 25th	Beginning Birding – Natural Bridges	Phil Brown
Sunday, January 26th	Davenport Owls	Alex Rinkert
Wednesday, January 29th	Zmudowski State Beach	Jeff Manker
Saturday, February 1st	College Lake	Jerry Busch
Sunday, February 2nd	Terrace Point	Jonah Svensson
Wednesday, February 5th	Pinto Lake County Park	Jeff Manker
Sunday, February 9th	Merced and San Luis National Wildlife	Eric Feuss
Friday, February 14th	Upper Struve Slough	Bob Ramer
Sunday, February 16th	Waddell Beach & Rancho del Oso	Phil Brown
Wednesday, February 19th	Pajaro Dunes	Jeff Manker

Santa Cruz Bird Club programs & field trips are open to the public—non-members are welcome. People needing rides to field trip sites are advised to contact Nicholas Levendosky: nlevendosky@gmail.com. Carpooling is encouraged. Dress in layers & bring liquids. Lunches are optional on half-day trips. Heavy rain cancels.

Field trips can pose hazards. Reluctantly, we have decided we must publish & implement this policy:

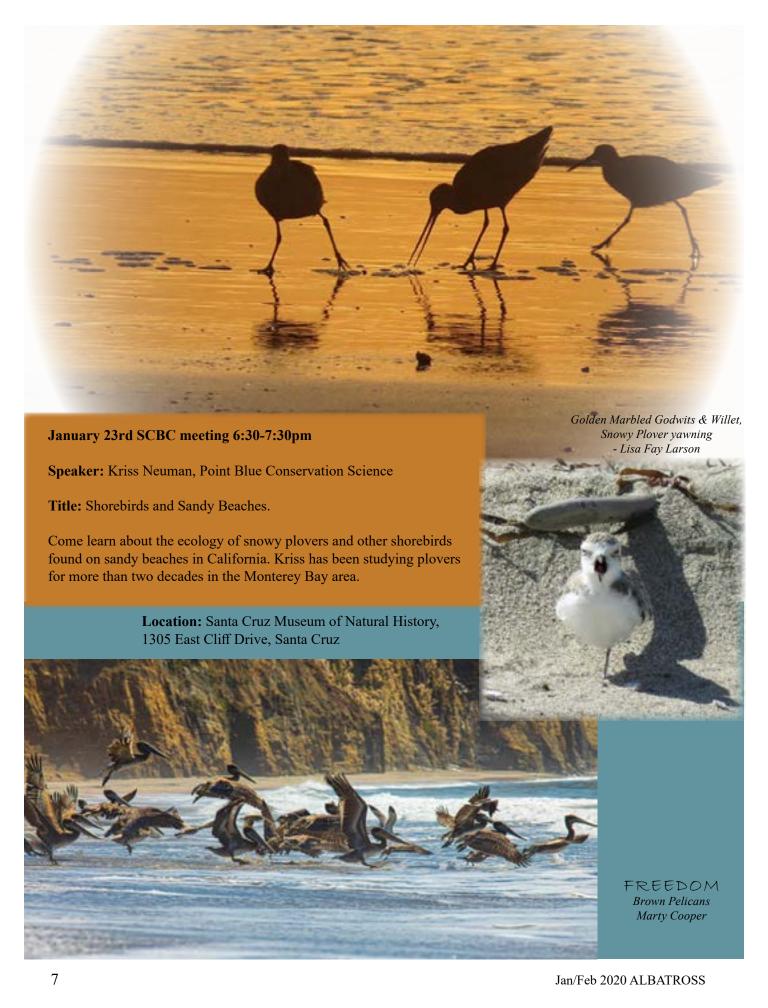
The Santa Cruz Bird Club or its field trip leaders cannot be responsible for damage, injury, or loss incurred by the acts or omissions of any member or visitor during Club field trips or during commutes to or from them.

Field trip participants must release the Club from any liability for such damage, injury, or loss.

Ordinarily, field trip participants sign a waiver releasing the Club from such liability, but in the absence of such a signed waiver, participation on a Club field trip in itself implies consent to & agreement with this waiver.



American Bittern - Logan Southall



WHAT'S YOUR FAVORITE SPECIES?

With the SPONSOR-A-SPECIES campaign starting in March, you'll have a chance to recognize your favorite county breeding species in the upcoming Breeding Bird Atlas!

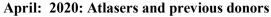
Each of the county's 160 breeding species will have one sponsor. Species can be sponsored by an individual, group, organization, or other entity and will receive prominent recognition in the two-page species account they sponsored. An individual can sponsor more than one species.

The campaign will be introduced in 2020 in four phases:

March 2020: Major Donors

Individuals who have generously contributed a cumulative \$500 or more

to the Breeding Bird Atlas by March 1, 2020 will have first choice of a species. If there is a species you MUST have, this gives you your best chance! (You'll get an email reminder in late February if you are in this group.)



Individuals who have generously contributed any amount (including those who donated items to the auction) and atlasers who have contributed observations will get the next chance to reserve a species with an additional donation of \$200 per species.

Please note within each phase, choices will be on a first-come, first served basis.

Phases 3 & 4 are detailed in the Sept/Oct 2019 Albatross.

Your support through "Sponsor-A-Species" will help cover a major portion of the remaining cost to prepare the Atlas. Now is the time to start thinking about that special bird you would like to sponsor and receive recognition for in the Santa Cruz County Breeding Bird Atlas II!

If you have questions, you may contact Larry Corridon at: Larry961357@sbcglobal.net.

To make a tax-deductible contribution to the atlas, please visit the atlas website: **sfbbo.org/breeding-bird-atlas-project**

Checks payable to "SFBBO" with a memo stating "Breeding Bird Atlas" can be sent to:

San Francisco Bay Bird Observatory 524 Valley Way

Milpitas, CA 95035

100% of your donation goes to the Santa Cruz County Breeding Bird Atlas II.



BREEDING BIRD ATLAS RECENT DONORS

June Ralston Zeka Glucs Kelly Arbor Steven Leonard Heidi Brancatelli Janet Wyner-Maze Brian Schnack Peter Emanuel Kat Bailey Bob & Bernadette Henry Cleveland Ramer Terry Grove Glen Tepke Valerie Neer Earl LeBow Jennifer Parkin Kristin Brunk Liam Murphy Thank you!

The Atlas Steering Committee has received the good news that we have been awarded a grant from the County of Santa Cruz Fish and Wildlife Advisory Commission. The monies, \$1950, will be used to increase the scope and depth of atlas field work in 2020, including outreach and training of atlasers.

BIRDS OF CORCORAN LAGOON BEACH

Annual Photography Exhibit January 2, 2020 through February 29, 2020

LIVE OAK PUBLIC LIBRARY 2380 Portola Drive Santa Cruz Hours: Monday-Thursday 10 AM-7 PM Friday-Saturday 10 AM-5 PM Sunday 1 PM-5 PM

Produced by Friends of Corcoran Lagoon Beach foclb.weebly.com/wildlife-habitat-2019



Bruce Frye photographer



Santa Cruz Birds

By Alex Rinkert and Jonah Svensson

Including reports from September 1 to October 31, 2019

his fall was a bit slower than normal, and perhaps made more noticeable by the near-absence of many shorebirds. There was certainly very little exposed mud as the Watsonville Sloughs slowly become more ecologically equivalent to lakes, but where there was mud at coastal lagoons and tidal reaches, sandpipers were less abundant than usual. Numerous rare but annual species were missed (Wilson's Phalarope, Solitary Sandpiper, Semipalmated Sandpiper) and very few of the more abundant Baird's and Pectoral Sandpiper were found. Whether the missing shorebirds are only a result of local conditions or a phenomenon on a larger scale is unclear.

Otherwise, late fall saw the beginning of a Red Crossbill irruption, two rare hybrids found last winter returned to their favorite haunts, and a new species was found offshore bringing the county list to 454 species.

A large goose flock in agricultural fields in Watsonville included a **Snow Goose** beginning October 25 (KJ, v.ob.). This flock also had up to 150 **Cackling Geese**—a sizeable flock for the county. Most of the Cackling were of the more common "Aleutian" subspecies, but up to 20 were of the scarcer subspecies B. h. minima (KJ, JM, v.ob.). A Cackling Goose flying with Canada Geese over Scotts Valley on October 13 was noteworthy for the mountains, as was a **Greater White-fronted Goose** at Scotts Valley High School from October 18–30 (both JS).

Wood Ducks at Antonelli Pond on September 13 (TJ et al.) and Younger Lagoon from October 11–13 (LG v.ob.) were away from usual haunts, as were ones at Struve Slough on September 13 (NL) and Pinto Lake on October 16 (TD). Seven Green-winged Teal at the Quail Hollow Ranch pond on October 6 was an especially high count for this species that is only rarely found in the mountains (JW et al.). A Red-necked Grebe off Natural Bridges State Beach on October 10 was the only reported this fall (PB).

A White-winged Dove at Pajaro Dunes stayed from October 23–25 (LM, v.ob.). Black Swifts are

rarely found in fall so one at
Moore Creek Preserve on
September 9 was notable
(NL). Strong passages
of Vaux's Swift are
typically reported on
only one day or sometimes
several consecutive days in
fall. This year October 4–6
seemed to be when a strong
passage was happening as evidenced
by several flocks of 25–40 being

seen across the county during

that period (KA, STe, BB, RW, AR). Only one **Black-chinned Hummingbird** was found this fall: one at Lighthouse Field State Beach on September 11 (LG). An apparent male **Anna's x Costa's Hummingbird** visited a feeder in Aptos beginning September 25, likely the same individual that wintered last year (RW).

American Avocets at Younger Lagoon on September 20 and Aptos Creek mouth on October 29 were rare away from the Pajaro Valley (NS, BSk, JE). A Whimbrel circled over Scotts Valley High School on September 18 (JS). While there are few records of Whimbrels in the mountains, they have been occasionally reported from there previously during spring and fall migration.

Pectoral and Baird's Sandpipers were both scarce this fall; four Pectoral were reported between September 19 and October 25 (v.ob.) and only two Baird's were found in September (LC). The water level in the Watsonville Slough system never receded enough to support good numbers of shorebirds this fall, however coastal lagoons and sloughs did have good habitat in September and into October. Was this a bad year for some of the High Arctic breeding shorebirds? The lone species in good numbers this fall was Red-necked Phalarope which continued to be abundant at some coastal lagoons on westside Santa

From Top: Cassin's Auklet - Russel Hillsley American Avocet - David Sidle Pectoral Sandpiper - Randy Wardle Cruz. The high count this fall was 276 at Younger Lagoon on September 10 (AR).



Eleven Lesser Yellowlegs at Pajaro Dunes on September 16 was a good count for one location (AS).

Cassin's Auklets were very scarce in the Monterey

Bay this fall (SJ). Seven **Tufted Puffins** reported on the Monterey Bay between September 7 and October 5

was a good showing (SJ). A juvenile **Black-legged** Kittiwake seen offshore on October 5 was an early arrival and the only

reported this fall (SJ).

An adult "Thaver's"

Iceland Gull photographed

on the Seacliff State Beach pier on September 26 was an early arrival (CE, PSi). Common Terns were scarce this fall; only one was reported from land

and few were found offshore (GS, SJ). While none

made landfall, Arctic **Terns** were found in

good numbers offshore.

Large flocks of storm-petrels were mostly absent in the Monterey Bay this fall, however, there were still three reports of Wilson's Storm-Petrel and a brief flurry of Black Storm-Petrels in mid-September following a surge of warm water into the bay (SJ). Four Flesh-footed Shearwaters were reported offshore between September 12 and October 12 (SJ).

The rarest seabird found this fall was a 2nd-cycle Nazca **Booby** that flew by a birding boat about 12 miles offshore on October 5 (DMQ, TMQ, SJ). An unprecedented number have been found

in California the past three

years being seen as far north as San Francisco, however this represents the first record for Santa Cruz County. The Red-footed Booby returned to Seacliff on September

11 after a brief absence (LP) and continued daily until it was last seen September 28 (KR, JS, KS, SH, PB, JA). An immature Brown Booby seen offshore on October 20 made for a record three species of boobies found in the county this year (SJ).

American Bitterns were at Antonelli Pond on September 22 (PC) and October

15-21 (NU, v.ob.),

and perhaps another was seen flying over nearby Natural Bridges State Beach on October 10 (NL). Two in the marsh at Sunset State Beach on September 19 were also away from their usual haunts in the Watsonville Slough system and surrounding lakes (CR).

> **Great Egrets** were found roosting at a few places in Santa Cruz, a little known facet of their fall and winter

occurrence in the county. Roosts were found in the Eucalyptus along Moore Creek at Natural

Bridges State Beach, Corcoran Lagoon, and the Santa Cruz Harbor (RAS). Fourteen at the Natural Bridges roost on September 25 was the highest count at any of three roosts (RAS). A Great Egret photographed feeding a recently fledged juvenile at Pinto Lake on October 3

From top: Tufted Puffin (left) - Alex Rinkert Common Tern (right)- ConnorCochrane Brown Booby (center)- Corey Husic Nazca Booby (above)- Alex Rinkert Arctic Tern (right) - Alex Rinkert. was surprising for the late date (LL). Most egret nests in the county fledge by August and there is little observable parental care subsequent to





Bald Eagles were found at Henry Cowell State Park on October 21 and at Loch Lomond on October 26 (DP), while an adult in the Watsonville Slough system was presumably part of the breeding pair in that area (v.ob.). Two Ferruginous Hawks were found near Last Chance Road on October 31 (LM). A Western Screech-Owl was mobbed by Bushtits and

a California Scrub-Jay at Natural Bridges State Beach on September 7, the first record for that park (CF). **Burrowing Owls** were first reported this fall at the UCSC campus on October 13 (MB); no others were found in late October. A Long-eared Owl was calling near Soquel-San Jose Road on September 5 (STe).

A Red-naped Sapsucker visited a backyard in Felton from September 30 to October 2

(BK). The apparent Red-breasted x Yellow-bellied Sapsucker that wintered at Wilder Ranch State

Park in 2018–2019 returned to its favorite wells by October 26 (NS). A female "Yellow-shafted" Northern Flicker was at Quail Hollow Ranch on October 31 (JMg). Three Loggerhead Shrikes were reported this fall (AR, RS, NU).

Six Willow Flycatchers were reported between September 2 and October 1 (v.ob.). Rarer flycatchers found this fall included a Least Flycatcher at Antonelli Pond on October 4 (STe) and a Gray Flycatcher at Swanton Pond on September 23 (GS). An Ash-throated Flycatcher at Manresa State Beach on September 19 was noteworthy as few are found each fall (LC). A Tropical Kingbird found at Terrace Point on October 1 continued through the month (RW, v.ob.); others were at Neary Lagoon on September 28 (ML)

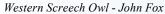
Gray Flycatcher - Gary Strachan



and the lower San Lorenzo River on October 29 (JM).

Four Horned Larks near the confluence of Harkins and Watsonville Slough

on September 13 were at the only location they are resident in the county (NL). A migrant **Bank**







Burrowing Owl - Michael Bolte



Swallow was in a swallow flock at Moore Creek Preserve on September 8 (AR). The strong influx of Red-breasted **Nuthatches** beginning in early September may lead to a good irruption winter. A White-breasted **Nuthatch** was at Quail Hollow Ranch from September 4 to October 7 (AL, SH, BS, BK). Two more were at Kelly-Thompson Ranch on September 24 where they regularly occur in fall and winter (AR, NU, EL).

Red Crossbills
began appearing in both the
mountains and lowlands in midOctober suggesting an irruption
was underway (v.ob.). All those
sound recorded were identified to
the "type 2" call type (AR, NL),
which specializes on Ponderosa
pine cones. Indeed, this type was
found at Bonny Doon Ecological
Reserve and Ponderosa Lodge
where there are Ponderosa pine
stands (AR, v.ob.), and Natural

Bridges State Beach and Meder Canyon where there are comparable Monterey pines (NL et al., STe). Lawrence's Goldfinches were found at Harkins Slough on September 13 (AR) and the UCSC Farm on September 23 (LL).

Five Clay-colored Sparrows were found this fall (v.ob.). A Brewer's Sparrow was at the Homeless Garden from September 21–22 (KJ, AR et al.) and another turned up there on October 5-6 (v.ob.). Four Lark Sparrows were found between September 6 and October 22 (DS, LJ, NU, JW). A "Slate-colored" Fox **Sparrow** was at Old Turnpike Road on September 28 where they are not only annual but more frequent than the "Sooty" group (STe)! This strongly contrasts with the status of these two Fox Sparrow groups elsewhere in the county where Sooty is widespread and common while the Slate-colored group is rare but annually found. At least twelve White-throated Sparrows were found this period (v.ob.). A Vesper Sparrow was at the Homeless Garden on October 8 (AR). A Green-tailed Towhee at Lighthouse Neighborhood Park and Community Garden was confiding to birders during the time it was there,

September 29 to October 1 (CS, v.ob.).

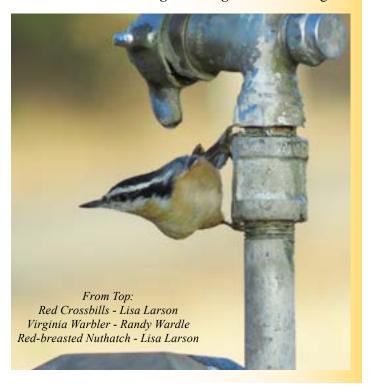
A **Bobolink** was heard calling as it flew over Harkins Slough on September 13 (AR). Two female/immature **Orchard** Orioles were working the weedy outskirts of the Homeless Garden from October 6–7 (KD, LW, v.ob.). **Great-tailed Grackles** made their now-regular fall appearance away from the Pajaro Valley. One was seen at Antonelli Pond on October 13 (JS, v.ob.) and another was found at Baldwin Creek mouth on October 25 (SH, LG).

Rare warblers were sparse in the county this fall. The only species found less than annual in the county that turned up was a **Virginia's Warbler** at Lighthouse Neighborhood Park and Community Garden, staying from September 29 to October 1 (AR, v.ob.). A **Northern**

Waterthrush reported at College

Lake on September 20 was the only one found this fall (GM). Two Tennessee (NL, JWa, LC), 2 Chestnut-sided (DK, EW, STe), 2 Blackpoll (NU, STe), and 2 Palm Warblers (LM, AR) were found this fall—all below their respective 10-year averages—while Black-and-white Warbler went unreported.

A male Summer Tanager at Harbor High School on September 24 (ARG) and a male Indigo Bunting at Natural Bridges



State Beach from September 20–21 (AK, v.ob.) were the only reported this fall. A **Blue Grosbeak** at Old Chittenden Road on September 9 was more likely a migrant than a lingering breeder on this date (NU).

Cited Observers:

Robin Abu-Shumays, Joy Alleman, Kumaran Arul, Mike Bolte, Peter Briggs, Phil Brown, Brian Bullard, Penny Chesluk, Lucas Corneliussen, Tom Deetz, Konshau Duman, Cameron Eckert, Craig Fosdick, Lois Goldfrank, Adam Romswinckel-Guise, Zach Hampson, Susan Hardy, Susan d'Hont, Sharon Hull, Lee Jaffe, Jazmine Jensen, Kent Johnson, Tom Johnson, Shearwater Journeys, Dan Kadra, Andrew Kenny, Bryan Kett, Doug Kibbe, Alex Lamoreaux, Lisa Larson, Earl Lebow, Nick Levendosky,



Green-tailed Towhee - Randy Wardle

Michael Levy, Jeff Manker, Gary Martindale, James Maughn (JMg), Jane Mio, Liam Murphy, Laura Paulsen, Alex Rinkert, Charles Ritter, Kathleen

Rawdon, Richard Sandkuhle, Brian Scanlon, Brian Schnack (BSk), Nico Schnack, Christa Seidl, Jane Sender, Kathy Seymour, Bill Shanbrom, Pam Sinclair, Stephanie Singer, Andy Stepniewski, Gary Strachan, Jonah Svensson, Scott Terrill (STe), Breck Tyler, Norman Uyeda, Jonny Wahl (JWa), Elaine Wagner, Randy Wardle, Jim Williams, Lynette Williams.

Please enter interesting observations into eBird or report them to Alex Rinkert at arinkert12@comcast.net.



Tagged Monarch?

I found this tagged Monarch Butterfly at the end of my street above a ravine at 8:45 AM on Oct.24th 2019. I sent this information to the E-mail on the tag: monarch@wsu.edu.



This monarch was tagged on October 9th in Santa Cruz at a cooperative that rears and tags local monarchs to see

if they join the overwintering colonies or not. Thanks to Dr.

David G. James, Deptartment of Entomology, WSU for this information!

– Margaret Perham



Tagged Monarch Butterfly - Margaret Perham



GULL STORY

. . . they were all grabbing it in a circle, and they would rotate, stammering their feet inch by inch as if attached to a maypole! It was quite a sight. I could never tell what they were squabbling over. They actually didn't express much interest until one gull tried to fly away with it. Most of them looked like first-year Western and Glaucous-winged Gulls.

– Alex Rinkert





THE SCBC 2019 SILENT AUCTION

2019 Auction Donors:

Thanks so much to the many donors and shoppers at October's Silent Auction. The auction continues to be a significant fundraiser for the Breeding Bird Atlas – as well as a fun time for members to mingle.

There was a wide variety of items, from exquisite handcrafted artwork and eye-popping photographs, to gift baskets, gift certificates and many bird-themed knick-knacks. 90+ items and other supplies were donated by 24 people and 3 businesses, with 40+ buyers bidding. Nearly \$1700 was raised that evening!

The event couldn't have happened without the hard work of the club's officers, and former officers Kitty Stein, Tim Jolly and Vivian Fenner-Evans! Thank you all!

Special thanks and recognition to these generous folks who donated items to make the auction happen! Kat Bailey & Joe Mancino Henry Cleveland Mary Crouser Sonia Deetz Sue Dummler Donna Elliott Vivian Fenner-Evans Elisabeth Foster Cathy Gamble Terry Grove Tim Jolly Lisa Fay Larson Nick Levendosky Kevin Lohman Amanda Preece Alexi Sanders Heidi Sandkuhle Lisa Sheridan Stephanie Singer Pete Sole Mari Tustin Tom & Connie Unsicker Elizabeth VanDyke

Businesses:

Aptos Feed Bay Photo Cowbell Antiques

"Stilt Yoga" - Black-necked Stilt - Lisa Larson

New Members **WELCOME**

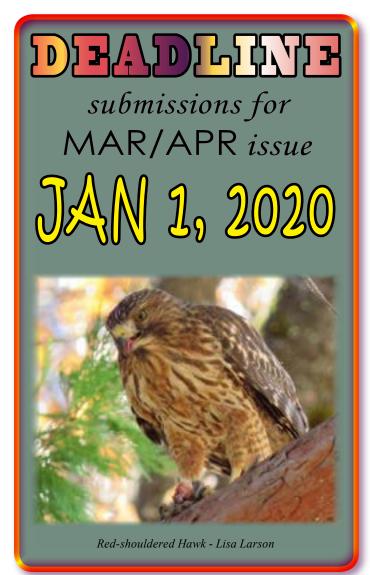
Christine Candelaria	Nov-19
Family	
Allen Royer	Nov-19
Peter Emanuel	Nov-19
Irene Reti	Nov-19
Nancy Knudegard	Nov-19
Loren Cruz	Nov-19
Andrew Kenny Family	Nov-19
Martha Dyer	Nov-19
Kerry Skyles	Nov-19
Aaron Bartley	Nov-19
Sherry Fleming	Nov-19
Bethany Kilzer	Nov-19
Teresa Luther	Nov-19
Shirley Johnson	Dec 2019
Craig & Diane Wilson	Dec 2019
Family	
Kriss Stout	Jan 20







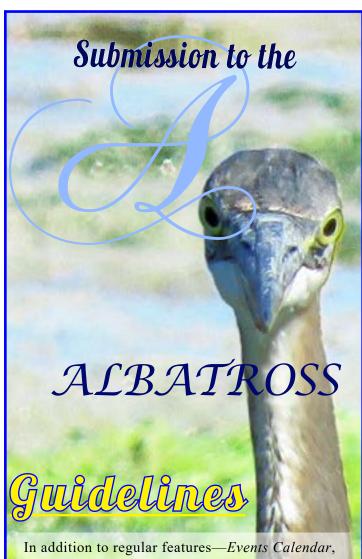
From Top: Black Phoebe - Norm Uyeda Red Crossbill - Andy Knorr Incoming Anna's - Lisa Larson Red-shouldered Hawks - Lee Jaffe





Acorn Woodpeckers - Margaret Perham

Great Blue Heron - Lisa Larson



In addition to regular features—Events Calendar, photos for Santa Cruz Birds, Birders Notebook and Parting Shot—the newsletter can include almost anything related to birding in general and to local birding in particular. Depending on space, submissions of any of the following are needed:

- Feature articles
- Birding event announcements
- Stories about birds, birding, or birders
- Reviews of birding literature or guides
- Conservation & outreach reports/stories
- Birding tips, descriptions of local sites
- Poetry, quotes, field sketches, artwork or photos
- Photos of BIRDS or people at our events (jpg, tif)

If you wish to submit an article, please contact the editor about it <u>AT LEAST 2 weeks before</u> the submission deadline.

I accept plain text, Word, or PDF files. Send items by email to: scbirdclubeditor@gmail.com

~ Lisa Fay La<mark>rso</mark>n, Edito<mark>r</mark>

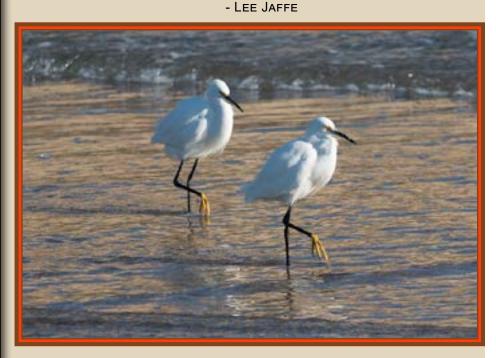




is published five times a year by the Santa Cruz Bird Club. Download the online version and past issues on the SCBC website,

santacruzbirdclub.org

PARTING SHOT: "WALK THIS WAY"
SNOWY EGRETS



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